

RENCANA PELAKSANAAN PEMBELAJARAN (RPP)

Satuan Pendidikan : SMAN 2 Bandar Lampung
Mata pelajaran : Bahasa Inggris
Kelas/Semester : XII/1
Tema : News Item Text
Sub Tema : Coronavirus
Pembelajaran ke : 2
Alokasi Waktu : 2 x 45 menit

Kompetensi Dasar:

3.4 membedakan fungsi sosial, struktur teks, dan unsur kebahasaan beberapa teks news item lisan dan tulis dengan memberi dan meminta informasi terkait berita sederhana dari koran/radio/TV, sesuai dengan konteks penggunaannya

4.4 menangkap makna secara kontekstual terkait fungsi sosial, struktur teks, dan unsur kebahasaan teks news items lisan dan tulis, dalam bentuk berita sederhana koran/radio/TV

Tujuan Pembelajaran:

Melalui pengamatan dan metode diskusi, tanya jawab, penugasan dan presentasi peserta didik dapat memahami dan menganalisis informasi terkait teks berita (*news item*) tulis, audio dan audio visual aktual dalam kehidupan sehari-hari, sehingga peserta didik dapat mengembangkan kemampuan **berfikir kritis, komunikasi, kolaborasi, kreativitas (4C)**.

A. Kegiatan Pembelajaran

Jenis Kegiatan	Uraian Kegiatan
Pendahuluan	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Menyapa siswa dengan ramah dan memotivasi.2. Memeriksa kesiapan siswa dalam mengikuti pembelajaran.3. Mengajak siswa berdoa sebelum dimulainya pembelajaran.4. Menjelaskan kegiatan pembelajaran yang akan dilaksanakan (Kompetensi Dasar dan Tujuan Pembelajaran).
Inti	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Meminta siswa menyebutkan topik berita terkini yang mereka ketahui.2. Mendiskusikan beberapa informasi dari suatu topik berita terkini.3. Guru membagikan satu link berita aktual.4. Peserta didik diminta menyimak dan memahami berita tersebut.5. Guru meminta peserta didik menentukan informasi rinci dalam berita tersebut. (When, where, who, how, why atau WH Questions)6. Peserta didik dapat berdiskusi terkait informasi rinci dalam berita dengan

	dipandu guru. 7. Peserta didik dapat menyimpulkan informasi penting (<i>news worthy</i>) yang disampaikan dalam berita tersebut.
Penutup	1. Guru meminta kepada siswa untuk memilih satu topik berita terkini sebagai tugas kelompok untuk dapat dipresentasikan pada pertemuan berikutnya. 2. Guru dan siswa membuat kesimpulan mengenai berita aktual yang telah dibahas.

C. Penilaian

1. Sikap : jurnal sikap (terlampir)
2. Pengetahuan : penugasan (lembar penilaian terlampir)
3. Keterampilan : penilaian kinerja (lembar penilaian terlampir)

Mengetahui,
Kepala Sekolah

Bandar Lampung, Januari 2021
Guru Mata Pelajaran

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LAMPIRAN

1. Penilaian Sikap Jurnal Guru

NO	HARI/TGL/ JAM KE	NAMA	PRILAKU/ KEJADIAN	BUTIR SIKAP	POS/NEG	TINDAK LANJUT

2. Rubrik Penilaian Keterampilan (Project) News Report Project

KRITERIA	KURANG (< 75)	CUKUP (75-83)	BAIK (84-91)	SANGAT BAIK (> 91)
Content/Clarity	Kalimat kurang bisa dipahami	Kalimat jelas namun ada beberapa unsur bahasa yang belum tepat	Kalimat jelas dengan struktur dan unsur bahasa yang yang sederhana	Kalimat dengan struktur sesuai dan unsur bahasa yang tepat serta pengucapan lancar
Performance	Membaca teks, kosa kata terbatas, dan tidak lancar	Sesekali melihat teks, kosa kata terbatas tapi lancar	Lancar dan kosa kata dan kalimat berkembang, serta ada transisi	Lancar mencapai fungsi sosial, struktur lengkap dan unsur kebahasaan sesuai

Lampiran Penilaian Harian News Item

Choose the best answer for the following questions.

The text is for number 1

Ministry launches Indonesia's first halal-certified corrective glasses

News Desk: The Jakarta Post

Jakarta / Wed, November 6, 2019 / 03:49 pm

The ministry recorded the value of glasses exports at US\$85.7 million and imports worth \$90.4 million as of September. (Shutterstock/Nadya Kubik)

The Industry Ministry launched the country's first locally made halal corrective glasses made by PT Atalla Indonesia on Tuesday.



The ministry recorded the value of glasses exports at US\$85.7 million and imports worth \$90.4 million as of September. (Shutterstock/Nadya Kubik)

1. The news topic is about...
 - A. Religion
 - B. Social
 - C. Export
 - D. Bussiness**
 - E. Import

The text is for number 2 to 5

(Jakarta Post, Jakarta)

The Indonesia government and world wild fund (WWF) have announced a bold commitment to protect the remaining forest and critical ecosystem of Sumatra.

WWF said the historic agreement represented the first-ever island- wide commitment to protect Sumatra's stunning biodiversity.

The commitment was announced Thursday at the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN), world Conversation Congress in Barcelona and was endorsed by the governors of Sumatra's 10 provinces- the world's sixth-largest island- and also by four ministers.

Sumatra is the only place in the world where tigers, elephants, orangutans and rhinos co-exist.

The agreement commits all the governors in Sumatra, along with the Indonesia ministries of forestry, environment, home affairs and public works, to restore critical ecosystems in Sumatra and protect areas whit high conservation values.

WWF, Conservation International, Fauna and Flora International, Wildlife Conservation Society and other conservation groups working in Sumatra have agreed to help implement the political commitment to protect what remains of the island's species-rich forests and critical areas. The island has lost 48 percent of its natural forest cover since 1985.

More than 13 percent of Sumatra's remaining forests are peat forests, which sit atop the deepest peat soil in the world; clearing peat forests is a major source of carbon emissions that cause climate change

2. The following party is not involved in the commitment to protect Sumatra's biodiversity...
 - A. **The Agricultural community**
 - B. The minister of forestry
 - C. The minister of public works
 - D. The 10 governors of Sumatra
 - E. The World Wildlife Fund (WWF)

3. The agreement is about..
 - A. to implement the decisions of the World Conservation Congress
 - B. to support the governors of Sumatra to chase animals hunters
 - C. to stop the emissions of carbon that cause climate change
 - D. **to protect the forests and ecosystems in Sumatra**
 - E. to work together for the development of Sumatra

4. The commitment to protect the remaining forest and critical ecosystem of Sumatra was held in...
 - A. Sumatra island
 - B. **Barcelona**
 - C. Spain
 - D. Jakarta
 - E. Indonesia

5. How is the impact of clearing the marshland?
 - A. It will decrease the pollution
 - B. It can reduce the air pollution
 - C. **It increases carbon emissions**
 - D. It causes ecosystem sustainably
 - E. It creates critical inhabitants

The text is for number 6



Malnourished siblings Epi (left), Arfat (center) and Poma from Sarwamok in Agats district, Asmat regency, Papua, are transferred to Agats General Hospital. The children were found by paramedics who had been deployed in response to a measles outbreak in early 2018. The journey from Asmar's capital to Agats regency takes several hours by boat. (JP/Nethy Dharma Somba)

6. The text shows that...

- A. **Malnourished siblings in Agats district have been handled by paramedics.**
- B. Malnourished siblings in Agats district have been found by paramedics.
- C. Malnourished siblings in Agats district have been moved to another district.
- D. Malnutrition cases in Agats district have been responded by the government
- E. Malnourished siblings in Agats district have been taken by boat.

The text is for number 7 to 10

Jakarta's rubbish nightmare

With 13.2 million people, Jakarta is now the world's tenth largest city. Where does all the rubbish go? Jakarta's garbage is a stinking time-bomb waiting to explode.

Jakarta produces as much as 6,250 tons of rubbish a day. It does not have enough trucks to collect all the rubbish, let alone enough space to put it. For 17 years the Jakarta administration has used a 108 hectare tract of land in the neighboring municipality of Bekasi as a dump. Jakarta had what it thought was a water-tight deal. So when the Bekasi administration decided to raise the 'rent' on the land, all hell let loose.

The new agreement signed by the Jakarta and Bekasi administration gave Bekasi management responsibility for the dump. But confusion reigned over the interpretation of the contract. The Bekasi administration claimed that it owned the land, and had the right to manage it, but Jakarta wanted to keep control of its biggest dump.

Under the Regional Autonomy Act (23/1999), the mayor of Bekasi has to meet his municipal budget deficit. For him the dump is a potential pot of gold. He imposed a levy of Rp85,000 (A\$14) per ton of rubbish dumped. In addition, he calculated that Bekasi could make money out of recycling, making organic fertiliser, and converting the gas produced by rubbish into electricity.

Taken from Anchor question of USBN 2019

7. What is the text about? It's about
 - A. rubbish management problem in Jakarta**
 - B. the agreement between Jakarta and Bekasi government
 - C. the lack numbers of truck to collect the rubbish
 - D. the dispute between Jakarta and Bekasi administration
 - E. making money out of managing rubbish

8. Paragraph 3 tells us about ...
 - A. the misinterpretation of each administration
 - B. the responsibility of each administration
 - C. the new agreement for the dump**
 - D. Jakarta is the rubbish producer
 - E. the right to manage the dump

9. Why does Jakarta have different opinion about the agreement?
 - A. The dump is actually valuable thing.**
 - B. Jakarta never process their right of use.
 - C. There is confusion over the interpretation.
 - D. Jakarta claimed that they deserved the land.
 - E. Bekasi administration claimed the land is owned by them.

10. How much rubbish produced by Jakarta citizens a day?
 - A. More than six thousand and two hundred fifteen tons.
 - B. Less than six thousand and two hundreds fifty tons.
 - C. Around six thousand and two hundred fifty tons.**
 - D. Less than six thousand and two hundred fifty tons
 - E. More than six thousand and two hundred fifteen tons

The picture is for number 11



11. What's the best news topic of the above picture?

- A. Google, its 'biggest leap forward' in years in its search algorithm.
- B. The California-based internet company last year debuted a neural network-based technique.
- C. Google and Bing have competed for years as famous search engines.
- D. E-sports, a form of competitive video gaming, is growing in popularity in Indonesia.
- E. Addicted to video games is dangerous for her children.

The text is for number 12 to 13

Instagram test of hiding 'likes' spreading to US

Agence France-Presse

San Francisco, United States / Sat, November 9, 2019 / 04:01 pm

Instagram chief Adam Mosseri on Friday said that a test of hiding 'likes' at the image and photo sharing social network will spread to the US. (Shutterstock/Kaspars Grinvalds)

Instagram chief Adam Mosseri on Friday said that a test of hiding "likes" at the image and photo sharing social network will spread to the US.

"Heads up! We've been testing making likes private on Instagram in a number of countries this year," Mosseri said in a tweet.

"We're expanding those tests to include a small portion of people in the US next week."

Facebook in September confirmed it is dabbling with no longer making a public display of how many "likes" are racked up by posts.

Such a change could ease pressure to win approval with images, videos or comments and, instead, get people to simply focus on what is in the posts.

12. What's the news about....

- A. **Instagram test to hiding 'likes'**
- B. Newest features of instagram
- C. Limitation of Likes and comment
- D. Sharing photos in instagram
- E. Instagram management

13. Who informed about instagram planning?

- A. Agence France
- B. Shutterstock
- C. Kaspars Grinvalds
- D. Us government
- E. **Instagram chief**

The text is for number 14 to 15

New Orangutan Habitat

The Borneo Orangutan survival (BOS) foundation has created a new habitat for orangutans in Salat Nusa Island, Central Kalimantan Province. The foundation aims to preserve the habitat of orangutans on the island.

The island was chosen due its deal on orangutan habitat. It has well-preserved vegetation throughout the year. BOS foundation claims that 10% of the orangutan population need to be rehabilitated, due various reasons, such as the high risk of disease, physical handicaps and a lack of skills to survive in the wild, caused by prolonged captivity. The problems can be overcome by creating a special habitat, which is not accessible to wild orangutans.

Denny Kurniawan, Nyaru Menteng Program Manager, stated that the plan got the attention of the local people and government. The local people have agreed to accept compensation paid for the land and plantations, which will be transformed into the new orangutan habitat.

(PR/100/Gg)

14. Why is Salat Nusa Island becoming the new orangutan habitat?
- A. It has a complete population.
 - B. It is a strategic location for orangutans.
 - C. It can improve the population level of orangutans.
 - D. It can prevent physical problems among orangutans.
 - E. It is the best possible place, which resembles the wild jungle.**
15. "...which is not accessible to wild orangutans".
What does the underlined word means...
- A. Available
 - B. Reachable**
 - C. Realizable
 - D. Acceptable
 - E. Procurable

The text is for number 16 to 17

Five people died after a landslide in Pacet, Mojokerto. According to Surabaya Disaster Mitigation Agency, there are three other residents who have yet to be found. The landslide was caused by heavy rain in the area. Houses were crushed and residents stayed temporarily in a shelter. Medical teams and logistical assistance were sent to affected areas. Bad weather and piles of debris made the evacuation difficult. The head of Search and Rescue Agency said that the search would continue until they could find the missing residents.

(PR/100/Gg)

16. What can we infer from the text?
- A. **The landslide killed five people.**
 - B. Five local residents are missing.
 - C. The shelter was located near the area.
 - D. The cause of the landslide was an earthquake.
 - E. The evacuation process was stopped due to rains.
17. "...the search would continue until they could find missing residents".
The underlined word can be replaced by...
- A. Discontinue
 - B. **Carry on**
 - C. Dismiss
 - D. Halt
 - E. stop

The text is for number 18

Wonogiri to offer coffee tourism starting next year

Ganug Nugroho Adi

The Jakarta Post

Wonogiri, Central Java / Sun, August 25, 2019 / 06:09 pm



18. The news topic is about...

- A. Culture
- B. Social
- C. Economy
- D. Ecotourism
- E. Education

The text is for number 19 to 20

The Jakarta Health Agency has reported that almost half of all COVID-19 patients in the capital are asymptomatic. Agency spokesperson Fify Mulyani said around 45 percent of confirmed patients in Jakarta showed no symptoms at all. “Meanwhile, 40 percent show moderate symptoms and the other 15 percent develop severe symptoms,” Fify said on Monday as quoted by kompas.com. She conceded that tracing asymptomatic cases had been difficult for city administration officials. “This is our [main task] for now.” Previously, national COVID-19 task force chief Doni Monardo warned that a person could carry the novel coronavirus without knowing it and end up transmitting it to their family members and those closest to them. “COVID-19 is dangerous. But the humans who carry COVID-19 are far more dangerous,” Doni said in a statement on Sunday as quoted

19. The Jakarta Health Agency has reported that almost half of all COVID-19 patients in the capital are asymptomatic. The underlined word means..

A. without sign or symptom

B. showing the clear symptom

C. transmitting the virus

D. indicating serious illness

E. less indicating symptom

20. From the news we know that...

A. Asymptomatic persons are so dangerous in transmitting the coronavirus

B. Asymptomatic persons can be traced easily by knowing their activities.

C. Persons can carry coronavirus by interacting with their family.

D. Transmitting coronavirus among people is getting increase.

E. Knowing the symptoms of coronavirus infectious is very important.