NAME	:
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QUANTIFIERS

1. Meaning Of Quantifiers

Quantifier is a word that usually goes before a noun to express the quantity of the object. Most quantifiers are followed by a noun, though it is also possible to use them without the noun when it is clear what we are referring to.

For example:

I have <u>a lot of</u> money. (A lot of is quantifier)

Do you want some milk? – Just a little. (It's clear that I mean 'a little milk'.)

There are quantifiers to describe large quantities such as *a lot, much, many* And small quantities such as *a little, a bit, a few*

There are some quantifiers that have a similar meaning but differ because one is used with countable nouns and the other is used with uncountable nouns.

Countable nouns are things that we can count; for example, *a table, two chairs*. While **uncountable nouns** are things that we cannot count and only have a singular form; for example, *some furniture, some fruit*.

Let's start study bout quantifiers that express large quantities.

Much, Many, A lot (of)

We use many, much, a lot (of) to refer to big quantities (banyak).

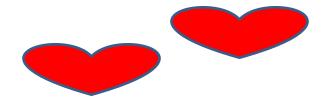
We use 'many' with countable nouns and 'much' with uncountable nouns, and we can use 'a lot (of)' with both countable and uncountable nouns.

MANY + COUNTABLES	MUCH + UNCOUNTABLES
many pens	much money
A LOT OF + COUNTABLES	A LOT OF + UNCOUNTABLES
a lot of pens	a lot of money



For exmple:

- We have <u>a lot of time</u> left, don't worry.
- *Many people* take the train to work.
- Rudy has *much water* to shared
- How many students at Class B?
- How much sugar you want?



A Few, A Little,

To talk about small quantities we can use 'a few' and 'a little'. We use 'a few' with countable nouns and 'a little' with uncountable nouns.

A FEW + COUNTABLES	A LITTLE + UNCOUNTABLES
A few students	A little water A bit of salt

Here are some examples:

- We need a few coins for the car park.
- Would you like a little milk in your coffee?
- They ate a few biscuits with their tea.
- The engine needs a little oil.

When we want to refer to a small quantity with a negative sense, we use 'few' and 'little' without 'a'. For example:

- Few trains arrive on time. (A small number of trains arrive on train which is a bad thing.)
- *Little attention* is given to the problem of parking. (A small amount of attention is given to this problem and it's not good.)

2. Practice 1

Complete the sentences bellow with many or much!

- 1. Her family owns many cats.
- 2. Students doesn't have <u>much</u> free time these days.
- 3. Their kids don't get many toys at Christmas.
- 4. How much money do you want to borrow?
- 5. How many people like action movies.

Complete the sentences bellow with a few or a little!

- 1. I only have a little money so I can't join the trip.
- 2. The band is not so popular, they only have <u>a few</u> fans.
- 3. Rendang is a little spicy for American people.
- 4. There is a little milk left in the fridge.
- 5. My brother always stays home so he has a few friends.

3. Summary

In this Chapter we learn about

Quantifiers	Nouns
Much	Countable nouns
Many	Uncountable noun
A lot of	Countable and Uncountable noun
A few	Countable noun
A Little	Uncountable noun

Good Luck!!!

