# RENCANA PELAKSANAAN PEMBELAJARAN (RPP)

Satuan Pendidikan: SMA A. Wahid Hasyim TebuirengKelas/ Semester: X/ 2Tema: Recount Text (Factual Recount)Sub Tema: Biography TextPembelajaran ke: 1Alokasi Waktu: 10 Menit

# A. TUJUAN PEMBELAJARAN

Setelah mengikuti proses pembelajaran, siswa diharapkan mampu:

- 1. Mengidentifikasi fungsi social, struktur teks dan unsur kebahasaan teks recount sederhana berbentuk teks biografi tokoh terkenal sesuai konteks
- 2. Menentukan gambaran umum, ide pokok, informasi khusus dan informasi detail dalam teks biografi tokoh terkenal

# **B. KEGIATAN PEMBELAJARAN**

# 1. Kegiatan Pendahuluan (2 Menit)

- Memberi salam dan berdoa sebelum memulai pembelajaran
- Mengecek kehadiran peserta didik
- Mengaitkan materi / topic pembelajaran yang akan dipelajari dengan pengalaman peserta didik
- Menyampaikan tujuan pembelajaran

# 2. Kegiatan Inti (6 Menit)

- Disajikan teks biografi tentang Muhammad Hatta, peserta didik diberi kesempatan untuk membaca serta memahami teks.
- Peserta didik dengan teman sebangkunya berdiskusi untuk mngidentifikasi fungsi social, struktur teks dan unsur kebahasaan teks biography yang telah dibaca.
- Peserta didik menyampaikan hasil diskusi dan identifikasinya
- Peserta didik menyimpulkan fungsi social, struktur teks dan unsur kebahasaan teks biography.

# 3. Kegiatan Penutup (2 Menit)

- Guru memberi penguatan dan kesimpulan tentang fungsi social, struktur teks dan unsur kebahasaan dari teks biography.
- Guru memberikan refleksi kepada peserta didik berupa tindak lanjut tugas mandiri berbentuk portofolio

# C. PENILAIAN PEMBELAJARAN

- 1. Penilaian Sikap : Dilakukan dengan jurnal harian siswa (Observation checklist)
- 2. Penilaian Pengetahuan : Tes Tertulis (Multiple Choice)
- 3. Penilaian Ketrampilan : Portofolio

Mengetahui, Kepala Sekolah SMA A Wahid Hasyim Jombang, 06 Januari 2022

Guru Mapel Bahasa Inggris

Drs. H. Djoko Suwono, M. Si

Khoirotunnisa, S.Pd.

### **BAHAN AJAR**

Satuan Pendidikan	: SMA A. Wahid Hasyim Tebuireng
Kelas/ Semester	: X/ 2
Tema	: Recount Text (Factual Recount)
Sub Tema	: Biography Text

# A. Definition of Biography Text

Biography text is a text that tells about the life of a public figure that is written by someone else or we can say by the third person.

### **B.** Social Function

The purpose of biography text is to give information about someone's past events and his achievements.

# C. Generic Structure

Biography text consists of 3 parts, namely:

1. Orientation

The first paragraph that gives background information about who, what, where and when

2. Series of Events

Series of paragraphs that retell the life journey of someone

3. Reorientation

A concluding paragraph that may include conclusion or personal comment (It's optional).

#### **D.** Language Features

- 1. Use proper nouns to identify those involved in the text.
- 2. Use simple past tense to retell the events
- 3. Use sequence of time or time signals

# LEMBAR KERJA PESERTA DIDIK

Satuan Pendidikan	: SMA A. Wahid Hasyim Tebuireng
Kelas/ Semester	: X/ 2
Tema	: Recount Text (Factual Recount)
Sub Tema	: Biography Text
Pembelajaran ke	:1

Read the following	text then	identify	the social	function,	generic	structure	and language
feature of the text!							

Generic Structure	Text	Language Feature
	Mohammad Hatta Every country has its great men and women who are remembered for what they have done for their country. One of Indonesia's great men is Dr. Mohammad Hatta. He was a man with a deep love for his country and people.	Underline the sentences that use Simple Past (Nominal or Verbal sentences)
	Dr. Mohammad Hatta was born in Bukittinggi on August 12 <sup>th</sup> , 1902. While still in junior high school in Bukittinggi, he became interested in politics and joined the League of Young Sumatrans. He left Bukittinggi to study in Batavia. Then he went to the Netherlands. He studied economics and gained a doctorate degree there. During his stay there he was active in the national Movement. Because of his activities, he was arrested. In 1923 Hatta returned to Indonesia. He joined a political organization called "Pendidikan Nasional Indonesia". One of its goals was to develop political awareness among the Indonesian people. His activities again led to his arrest. The colonial government exiled him to Boven Digul, and later to Banda Naira. Shortly before the Japanese invasion. He was brought back to Java. When the Japanese surrendered in August 1945, Soekarno and hatta proclaimed Indonesia's Independence. Hatta became the first vice- president of the Republic of Indonesia. In 1956 Hatta resigned as vice-president and devoted himself to writing. On march 14, 1981, dr. mohammad Hatta passed away in Jakarta.	
	Nowadays, he is no longer living among us. However, his spirit of loving the country and nation is one of the reasons why he is well remembered.	
	The social function of the text above is	

#### LEMBAR PENILAIAN

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Sub Tema	: Biography Text
Pembelajaran ke	: 1

### A. Penilaian Sikap

#### **Observation Checklist**

Kelas	:
Hari, Tanggal	:

NO	Nama Siswa	Perilaku				
NU		Α	В	С	D	
1						
2						

A = Sangat Aktif

B = Aktif

- C = Kurang Aktif
- D = Tidak Aktif

#### B. Penilaian Pengetahuan

Teknik	: Tes Sumatif
Bentuk	: Pilihan Ganda

#### SOAL

#### Mohammad Hatta

Every year has its great men and women who are remembered for what they have done for their country. One of Indonesia's great men is Dr. Mohammad Hatta. He was a man with a deep love for his country and people.

Dr. Mohammad Hatta was born in Bukittinggi on August 12<sup>th</sup>, 1902. While still in junior high school in Bukittinggi, he became interested in politics and joined the League of Young Sumatrans.

He left Bukittinggi to study in Batavia. Then he went to the Netherlands. He studied economics and gained a doctorate degree there. During his stay there he was active in the national Movement. Because of his activities, he was arrested.

In 1923 Hatta returned to Indonesia. He joined a political organization called "Pendidikan Nasional Indonesia". One of its goals was to develop political awareness among the Indonesian people. His activities again led to his arrest. The colonial government exiled him to Boven Digul, and later to Banda Naira. Shortly before the Japanese invasion. He was brought back to Java.

When the Japanese surrendered in August 1945, Soekarno and hatta proclaimed Indonesia's Independence. Hatta became the first vice-president of the Republic of Indonesia.

In 1956 Hatta resigned as vice-president and devoted himself to writing. On march 14, 1981, dr. mohammad Hatta passed away in Jakarta.

Nowadays, he is no longer living among us. However, his spirit of loving the country and nation is one of the reason why he is well remembered.

(Soal-soal X - Biography (kesidamayanti.blogspot.com)

- 1. In 1956 Hatta <u>resigned</u> as vice-president....
  - The synonym of the underlined word is ...
  - A. Surrendered B. Maintained
  - C. Kept in position
  - D. Became
  - E. Brought
- 2. What made Moh. Hatta arrested?
  - A. Because he was exiled to Boven Digul
  - B. Because he studied in Netherlands
  - C. Because he was vice-president
  - D. Because he was active in the national movement
  - E. Because he was born in Bukittinggi
- 3. What was his first political party?
  - A. PNI
  - B. PDI
  - C. League of Jong Sumatran Bond
  - D. Jong Java
  - E. Jong Ambon
- 4. 'He is no longer living among us'
  - What does 'us' refer to?
  - A. Sumatra people
  - B. Indonesia people
  - C. Digul people
  - D. Netherlands people
  - E. Batavia people
- 5. 'Dr. Moh. Hatta <u>passed away</u> in 1981. What is the synonym of passed away?
  - A. Lived again
  - B. Died
  - C. Kept the position
  - D. Brought back
  - E. Joined in
- 6. What is the main idea of paragraph four?
  - A. The Japanese invasion
  - B. Moh Hatta was exiled to Boven Digul
  - C. Moh. Hatta activities in political organization
  - D. The nationalist movement
  - E. The study in Netherlands
- 7. Which statement is NOT TRUE based on the text?
  - A. Moh Hatta gained his doctorate in Netherlands
  - B. Moh. Hatta was arrested by colonial government only once
  - C. Japanese brought Moh. Hatta back to java
  - D. Moh. Hatta became the first vice-president in Indonesia
  - E. He was founding father of Indonesia
- 8. Where did he get his education first?
  - A. In Bukittinggi
  - B. In Batavia
  - C. In Netherland
  - D. In Digul
  - E. In Banda Neira

- 9. When did Hatta resign as vice president?
  - A. In 1945
  - B. In 1956
  - C. In 1981
  - D. In 1923E. In 1902

10. How long did he live?

- A. Seventy
- B. Seventy four
- C. Seventy seven
- D. Seventy nine
- E. Eighty

# ANSWER KEY

- 1. A
- 2. D
- 3. C
- 4. B
- 5. B
- 6. C
- 7. B
- 8. A
- 9. B
- 10. D

# **RUBRIK PENILAIAN**

Total Nilai = Jumlah Benar x 10 = 100

# F. Penilaian Ketrampilan

Teknik : Penugasan Mandiri Bentuk : Portofolio

# SOAL

Buatlah kliping biografi tokoh terkenal di kertas buffalo atau manila

# **RUBRIK PENILAIAN**

- 1. Kliping lengkap dan tersusun rapi, nilai 100
- 2. Kliping lengkap dan kurang tersusun, nilai 85
- 3. Kliping tidak lengkap dan tersusun rapi, nilai 75
- 4. Kliping tidak lengkap dan kurang tersusun, nilai 70

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